

## WebSem – Spring 2020

### Introduction to the Semantic Web

#### Part 1: Ontology Modeling and Logic

1. The constructs that constitute ALC are intersection, union, complement, universal restriction and existential restriction.
2. TBox and ABox
  - a. The TBox will contain the collection of inclusion and equivalence between concepts, i.e.  $\text{marry}(x,y) \equiv \text{loves}(x,y) \cap \text{loves}(y,x)$ . The ABox will contain the assertions applied on the individuals, i.e.  $\text{friend}(\text{John},\text{Susan}) \text{ AND } \text{friend}(\text{John},\text{Andrea}) \text{ AND } \text{loves}(\text{Susan},\text{Andrea}) \text{ AND } \text{loves}(\text{Andrea},\text{Bill}) \text{ AND } \text{Female}(\text{Susan}) \text{ AND } \text{NOT } \text{Female}(\text{Bill}) \text{ AND } \text{age}(\text{John},22)$ .
  - b. No, John does not have a female friend loving a male person since we do not know the gender of Andrea. To solve this problem, we can add  $\text{Female}(\text{Andrea})$ .
3. An object property relates entities between them, e.g. SubClass, EquivalentClass, etc. and a data type property relates instances to literal data such as strings, numbers, etc. An annotation property is used to give a name to instances, classes or properties.
4. A property is defined as a mapping between two sets of instances (an oriented link in the knowledge graph). So, to define the domain and the range of a property is to define respectively the starting and the resulting class of each property. Age could have Person as domain and Integer as range.
5. Universal: having only one relationship along this property, and existential: participating in many relationships using this property.
6. Assertions
  - a.  $\text{dbo:Writer} \sqsubseteq \text{dbo:Person}$
  - b.  $m:\text{Book} \sqsubseteq= 1.\text{has.m:publicationYear}$
  - c.  $m:\text{Novel} \sqsubseteq m:\text{Book} \sqsubseteq m:\text{Work}$
  - d.  $dc:\text{title} \sqsubseteq= xsd:\text{string}$

#### Part 2: Query Knowledge Graph

7.
 

```
SELECT ?rapid_transit ?rapid_transitLabel ?loc ?date WHERE {
  SERVICE wikibase:label { bd:serviceParam wikibase:language "[AUTO_LANGUAGE],en". }
  ?rapid_transit wdt:P1192 wd:Q5503.
  ?rapid_transit wdt:P625 ?loc .
  ?rapid_transit wdt:P1619 ?date .
}
LIMIT 100|
```
8. None
9.
  - a. This table shows philosophers, their names in Wikidata and their birth dates in both Wikidata and DBpedia.
  - b. Service is used to specify which knowledge base to use.

**Part 3: Information Extraction**

10. Tweet
  - a. There so many preprocessing tasks to be done: normalization (e.g. remove capitals), language identification, tokenization (split the tweet into atomic parts e.g. words) and part-of-speech tagging (define the grammatical role of each token).
  - b. [lakers, lebron, james, became, third-leading, scorer, nba, history, staples, center]
  - c. None
  - d. Person: LeBron James, Location: Staples Center, Organization: NBA.
11. Use a statistical approach for NER and then link it with KB indexing (using popularity for example).